After reading the Torah, we recite the line "joyous are they who dwell in Your house," inviting us to ponder what truly makes God—and us—feel at home.

Dreaming of Home

We want so much to be in that place where we are respected and cherished, protected, acknowledged, nurtured, encouraged, heard.

And seen, seen in all our loveliness. in all our fragile strength.

And safe, safe in all our trembling vulnerability. Where we are known and safe, safe and known is it possible?

-MERLE FELD

ASHREI

Joyous are they who dwell in Your house; they shall praise You forever. *Joyous the people who are so favored;* joyous the people whose God is Adonai.

A SONG OF PRAISE, OF DAVID

I exalt You, my God, my sovereign; I praise Your name, always. Every day I praise You, glorifying Your name, always.

Great is Adonal, greatly to be praised,

though Your greatness is unfathomable.

One generation praises Your works to the next, telling of Your mighty deeds.

I would speak of Your majestic glory and of Your wondrous acts.

Generations speak of Your awe-inspiring deeds;

I, too, shall recount Your greatness.

They recount Your great goodness, and sing of Your righteousness.

Adonal is merciful and compassionate, patient, and abounding in love.

Adonal is good to all, and God's mercy embraces all of creation.

All of creation acknowledges You, and the faithful bless You.

continued

Ashrei yosh'vei veitekha, od y'hal'lukha selah. Ashrei ha-am she-kakhah lo, ashrei ha-am she-Adonai elohav.

T'hilah I'david.

Aromim-kha elohai ha-melekh, va-avar'kha shimkha l'olam va-ed.

B'khol yom avar'kheka, va-ahal'lah shimkha l'olam va-ed.

Gadol Adonai u-m'hulal me'od, v'ligdulato ein heiker.

Dor l'dor y'shabaḥ ma·asekha, u-g'vurotekha yagidu.

Hadar k'vod hodekha, v'divrei niflotekha asiḥah. Ve·ezuz norotekha yomeiru, u-g'dulat'kha asaprenah.

Zeikher rav tuv'kha yabiu, v'tzidkat'kha y'raneinu.

Ḥanun v'raḥum Adonai, erekh apayim u-g'dol ḥased.

Tov Adonai lakol, v'rahamav al kol ma·asav.

Yodukha Adonai kol ma·asekha, va-ḥasidekha y'var'khukha.

אַ**שְׁרֵי** יוֹשְׁבֵי בֵיתֶךּ, עוֹד יִהַלְלְוּךְּ סֵלָה. אשרי העם שככה לו, אשרי העם שיהוה אלהיו.

תַּהַלָּה לְדַוָּד אַרוֹמִמָךּ אֵלוֹהַי הַמֵּלֶךָ, וַאַבַרְכַה שָׁמִךּ לְעוֹלֶם וַעֵּד. בַּבֶל־יוֹם אַבַרבַרָּ, וַאָהַלְלָה שָמִרְּ לְעוֹלָם וַעָה גדול יהוה ומהלל מאד, ולגדלתו אין חקר. דור לְדוֹר יָשַבָּח מַעשִירְ, וּגָבוּרתֵיךְ יַגֵּידוּ. הַדַר כִּבוֹד הוֹדֶךּ, וִדְבָרֵי נִפְלְאֹתֵיךּ אַשִּׁיחַה. ָוַעֲזוּז נוֹרָאוֹתֵיךּ יֹאמֱרוּ, וּגִדְלַּתְךּ אֲסַפְּרֵנָּה. זָבֶר רַב טוּבָך יַבֵּיעוּ, וִצְדְקָתְרְ יִרְנֵּנוּ. חַנוּן וְרַחוּם יהוה, אַרֶךְ אַפֵּיִם וּגְדַל־חַסֶּה. טוב יהוה לַכּל, וְרַחֲמֵיו עַל כַּל־מֵעֲשֵׁיו. יוֹדִוּךְ יהוה כַּל־מַעֲשֵׂיךְ, וַחֲסִידֵיךְ יָבַרְכִוּכָה. continued

ASHREI. According to Rabbi Eleazar (3rd century, Land of Israel) speaking in the name of his teacher. Abina. the daily recitation of Psalm 145 opens a pathway to eternity. The Babylonian Talmud explains that it is an alphabetical acrostic (although it is missing one letter, nun) that symbolically encompasses the variety of praises of God, and that it contains an especially appropriate description of the thankfulness with which we are to approach God: "You open Your hand, satisfying all the living with contentment" (Berakhot 4b).

An additional reason for its frequent use in the liturgy is that the psalm expresses a dual posture of faithfulness. "I" express my faithfulness to God, and the

psalm then describes that God faithfully cares for those devoted to God. The two themes are interwoven throughout the psalm, which then concludes with a final assertion that not only "I" but "all that is mortal" will praise God. It is this expression of a covenantal relationship, in which God and humanity respond to each other, that makes Ashrei both an appropriate introduction to prayer (as it is in Minḥah), and an appropriate conclusion to prayer (as it is in the weekday Shaḥarit service). Here, it serves in both of those roles: concluding Shaḥarit and the Torah service, and simultaneously introducing Musaf. For synagogue use, two verses were added to the beginning of Psalm 145, both of which begin with the word ashrei, "joyous" (Psalms 84:5 and 144:15), and it was these additional verses that gave the name "Ashrei" to this prayer. The first verse, which speaks of those who "dwell in Your house," is especially appropriate in the context of synagogue prayer. Similarly, at the end, the verse "we shall praise Adonai now and always" was appended from Psalm 115:18.

God's Mystery

I called to You to reveal the mysteries never hidden from You, instead, I uncovered the deep within me and did not depart emptyhanded for in the songs I sang to You, I saw a vision of a ladder. I offer thanks for Your wonders though I do not understand them but I will not forget what You whispered to me as my heart dreamed its dream.

—SOLOMON IBN GABIROL

They speak of the glory of Your sovereignty and tell of Your might,

proclaiming to humanity Your mighty deeds, and the glory of Your majestic sovereignty.

Your sovereignty is eternal;

Your dominion endures in every generation.

Adonai supports all who falter, and lifts up all who are bent down.

The eyes of all look hopefully to You,

and You provide them nourishment in its proper time.

Opening Your hand, You satisfy with contentment all that lives.

Adonal is righteous in all that is done, faithful to all creation.

Adonal is near to all who call, to all who call sincerely.

God fulfills the desire of those who are faithful,

listening to their cries, rescuing them.

Adonai watches over all who love the Holy One, but will destroy all the wicked.

► My mouth shall utter praise of ADONAI.

May all that is mortal praise God's name forever and ever.

K'vod malkhut'kha yomeiru, u-g'vurat'kha y'dabeiru.

L'hodia livnei ha-adam g'vurotav, u-kh'vod hadar malkhuto.

Malkhut'kha malkhut kol olamim, u-memshalt'kha b'khol dor vador.

Somekh Adonai l'khol ha-noflim, v'zokef l'khol ha-k'fufim.

Einei khol elekha y'sabeiru, v'atah noten lahem et okhlam b'ito.

Potei·ah et yadekha, u-masbia l'khol hai ratzon.

Tzadik Adonai b'khol d'rakhav, v'hasid b'khol ma·asav.

Karov Adonai l'khol korav, l'khol asher yikra·uhu ve-emet.

R'tzon y'rei·av ya·aseh, v'et shavatam yishma v'yoshi·eim.

Shomer Adonai et kol ohavav, v'et kol ha-r'sha-im yashmid.

T'hilat Adonai y'daber pi,

vi-vareikh kol basar shem kodsho l'olam va-ed.

We shall praise Adonai now and always. Halleluyah! Va-anaḥnu n'varekh yah, mei-atah v'ad olam. Hal'luyah.

בּבוֹד מַלְכוּתָךּ יֹאמֵרוּ, וּגְבוּרָתְךּ יְדַבֵּרוּ. לְהוֹדִיעַ לְבְנֵי הָאָדָם גְבוּרתָיו, וּכְבוֹד הַדַר מַלְכוּתוֹ. מַלְבוּתָךְ מַלְבוּת בַּל־עלַמִים, וּמֵמְשַׁלְתַךְ בִּבַל־דוֹר וַדר. סוֹמֶך יהוה לָכַל־הַנֹּפִלִים, וְזוֹקֶף לְכַל־הַכִּפוּפִים. עֵינֵי כל אֵלֶידְּ יְשַׂבֵּרוּ, וְאַתָּה נוֹתֵן לָהֶם אֶת־אָכְלָם בִּעִתוֹ. פּוֹתֵחַ אֵת־יַדֶּר, וּמַשִּׂבִּיעַ לְכַל־חֵי רַצוֹן. צַדִּיק יהוה בְּכַל־דְּרַכִיו, וְחַסִיד בְּכַל־מֵעֲשַׂיו. קרוב יהוה לְבַל־קרָאַיוּ, לְכֹל אֲשֶׁר יִקְרָאַהוּ בַאֲמֵת. ָרצוֹן יָרַאַיו יַעֲשָׂה, וְאֵת־שַׁועַתַם יִשְׁמַע וְיוֹשִׁיעֵם. שׁוֹמֵר יהוה אֶת־כָּל־אֹהֲבָיו, וְאֵת כָּל־הָרְשָׁעִים יַשְׁמִיה. תָּהָלַת יהוה יָדַבֵּר־פִּי, ◄ ויברך כל־בשר שם קדשו לעולם ועד.

וַאַנַחָנוּ נָבָרֶךְ יָה, מֵעַתַּה וְעַד עוֹלַם. הַלְלוּיה.